

Magnetic Field Measurement in a Kicker Magnet

ANDREA MERLO

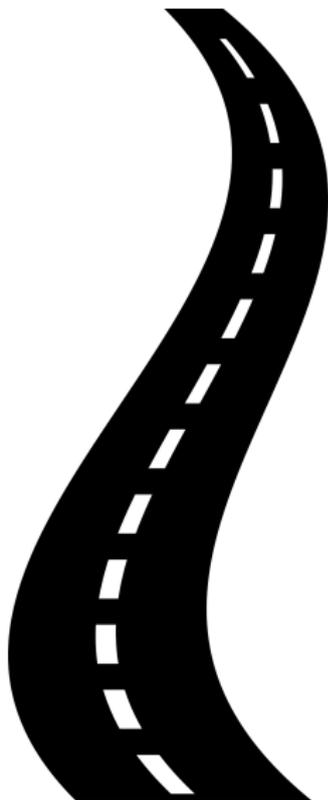
Supervisor: LUCIANO ELEMENTI

Fermilab Research Center
Technical Division - Magnet System Department

September 23, 2015



Overview



- ~> **Goal**
- ~> **Overview**
- ~> **Kicker Magnet**
- ~> **Preliminary Analysis**
- ~> **Magnetic Field**
- ~> **Results**
- ~> **Conclusions**

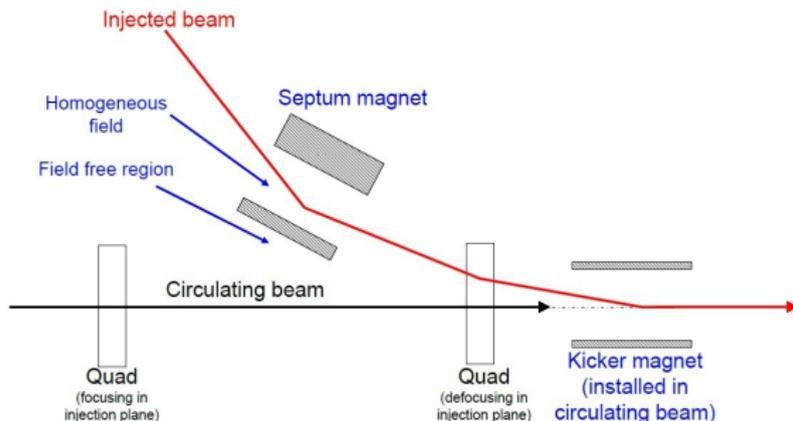
Goal of the Project

Measurement of the Magnetic Field inside a Kicker Magnet

WHY?

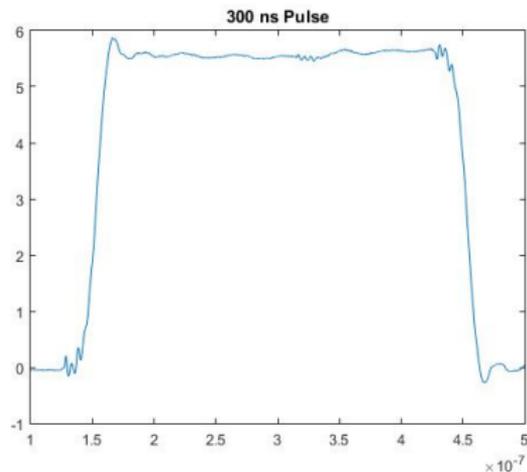
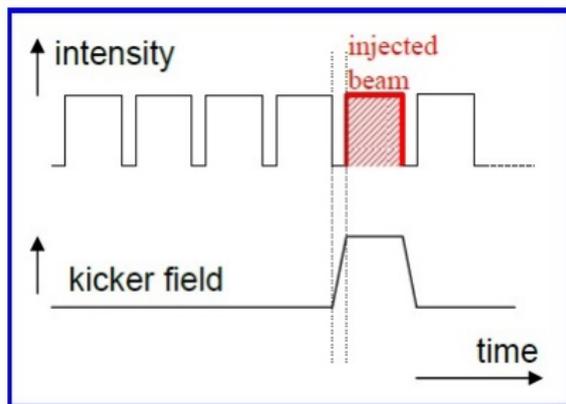
- ↪ Kicker Magnet
- ↪ 50 Ohm Transmission Line Probe
- ↪ Integrated Magnetic Field
- ↪ Local Modelization of the Field

Kicker Magnet



- Pulsed Dipole Magnet with very fast rise and fall time (50 ~ 100 ns)
- Role of a Kicker System:
 - Beam Injection
 - Beam Extraction
 - Beam Clearing

Kicker Magnet

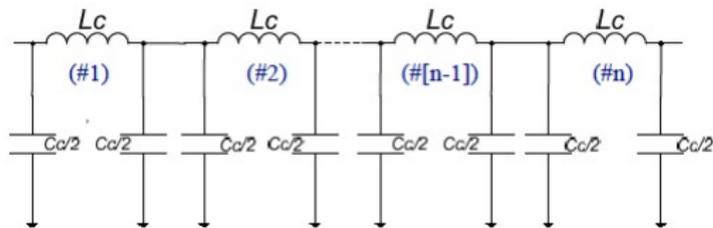
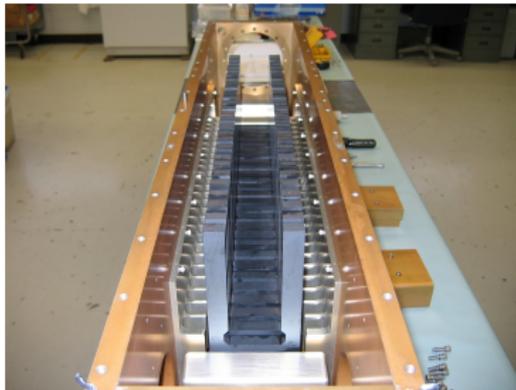


Requirements

- High Time Resolution
- Flatness of the Pulse
- Low Ripple
- Locally identical Cell by Cell

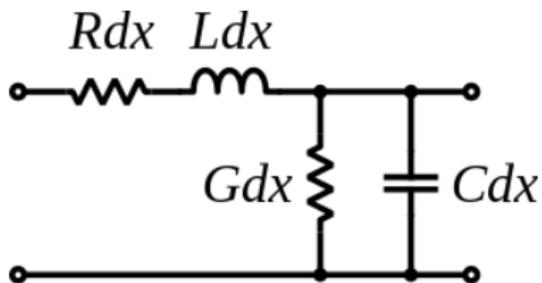
Kicker Magnet

TRANSMISSION LINE KICKER MAGNET



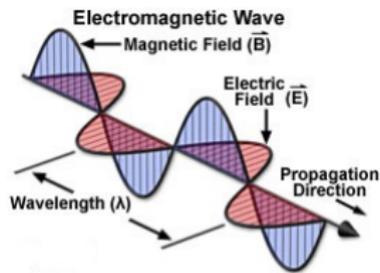
- Many cells to behave as a coaxial cable
- Ferrite C-cores and High Voltage Capacitance Plates sandwiched together

Transmission Line



$$\frac{\partial V(x)}{\partial x} = -(R + j\omega L)I(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial I(x)}{\partial x} = -(G + j\omega C)V(x)$$

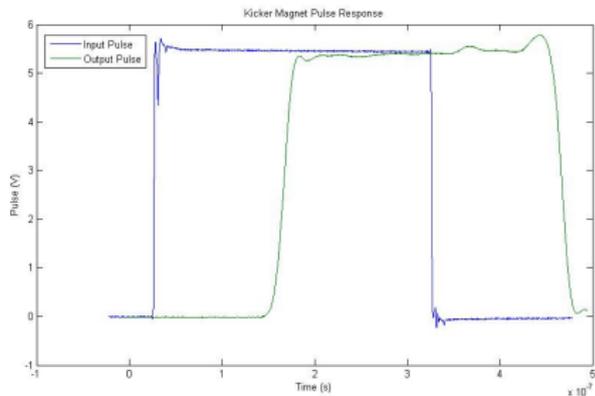


$$\frac{V(x)}{I(x)} = Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{R + jL}{G + jC}}$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0}, \tau = n \cdot \sqrt{L_c \cdot C_c}$$

Recycler 50 Ohm Kicker Magnet

KICKER MAGNET

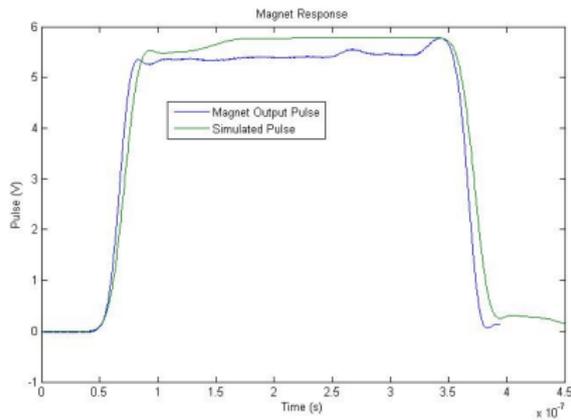
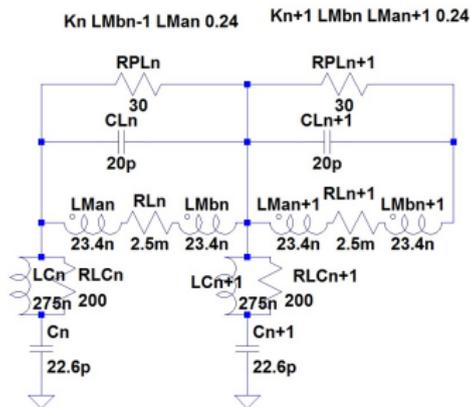


Model Parameters

- $C = 703.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ pF}$
- $L = 1.73 \pm 0.08 \text{ } \mu\text{H}$
- $Z_0 = 51.6 \pm 0.2 \text{ } \Omega$
- $T_D = 15.7 \text{ ns}$

Kicker Simulation

MAGNET CELL



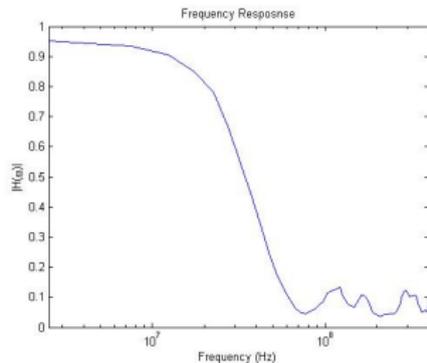
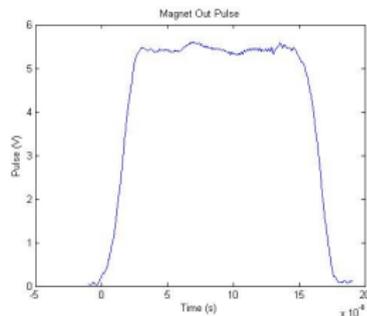
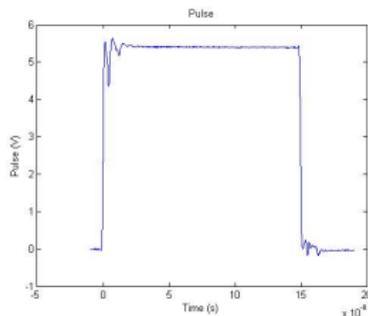
- $Simulated_{RiseTime} = 36.9 \text{ ns}$
- $Simulated_{Width} = 240.652 \text{ ns}$

- $Pulse_{RiseTime} = 28.8 \text{ ns}$
- $Pulse_{Width} = 256.6 \text{ ns}$

End Effects has to be modeled in a more detailed way

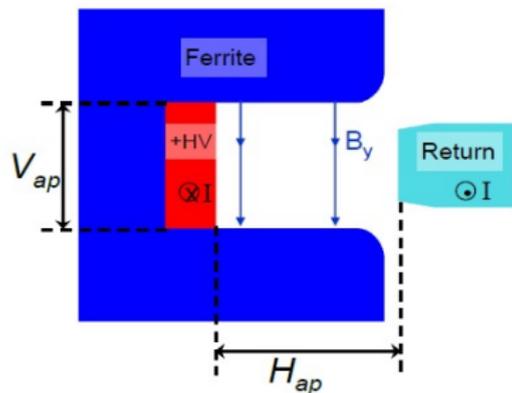
Pulse Analysis

150 NS PULSE INTO THE MAGNET



Behaves as a LC Low-Pass Filter

Magnetic Field



$$|\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{t})| = \mu_0 \frac{N \cdot I(t)}{V_{ap}}, N \simeq 1$$

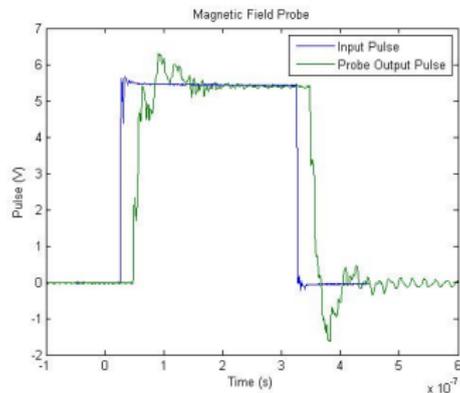
Angular Deflection

$$\Theta = \frac{0.3}{p} \int_0^l B_y dx = \frac{0.3}{p} \cdot l_{eff} \cdot |B_y|$$

p is the **beam momentum**, l_{eff} is the **effective length**

Coil Probe

PROBE

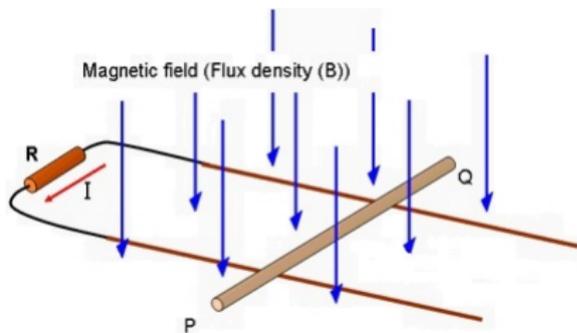


Matched Coaxial Cable Probe

- Not Perfectly Matched Termination
- $Z_0 = 52.5 \pm 0.2 \Omega$
- $T_D = 6.6 \text{ ns}$
- Area = 0.126795 m^2

Coil Probe

MAGNETIC INDUCTION



$$\oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_S \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

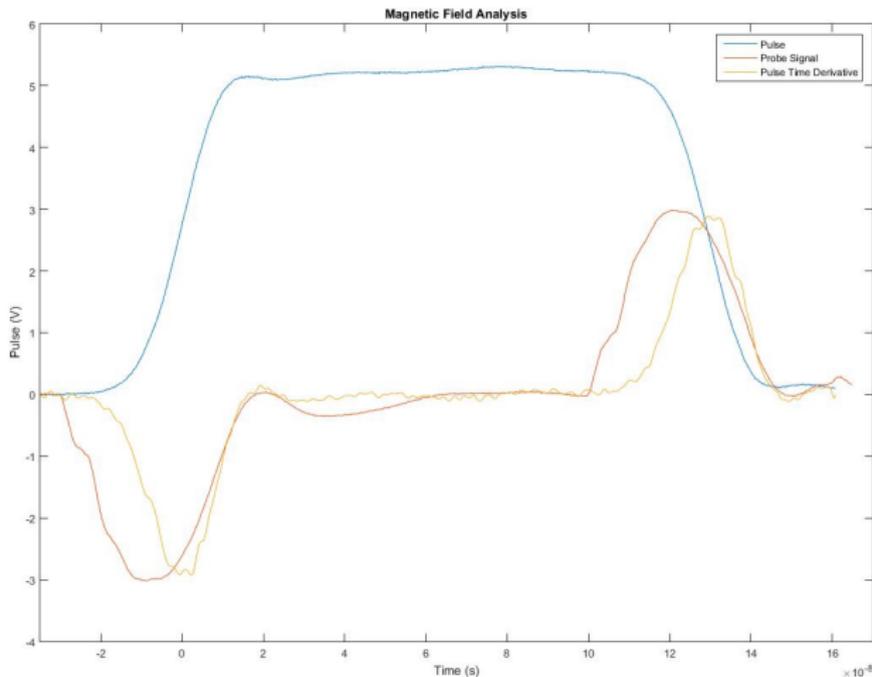
↓

$$\Delta V = -\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial t} \propto -\frac{\partial V}{\partial t}$$

Propagating Pulse through the magnet → **Forming Pulse** through the probe

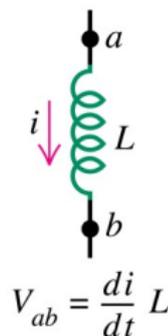
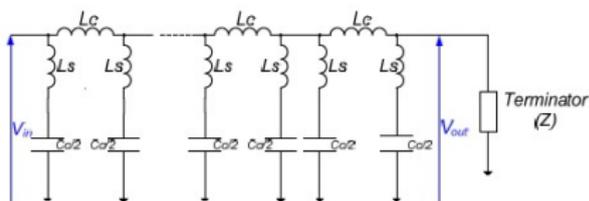


Magnetic Field Analysis



Probe's Signal is mismatched from the **Time Derivative of the Pulse**

Magnetic Flux



$$V_{in} - V_{out} = L \cdot \frac{\partial i}{\partial t}, \Phi = L \cdot i$$

$$\int (V_{in} - V_{out}) dt = \Phi$$

Lossless Transmission Line

$$V_{in} - V_{out} = -\xi(t) \cdot \frac{A_{magnet}}{A_{probe}}$$

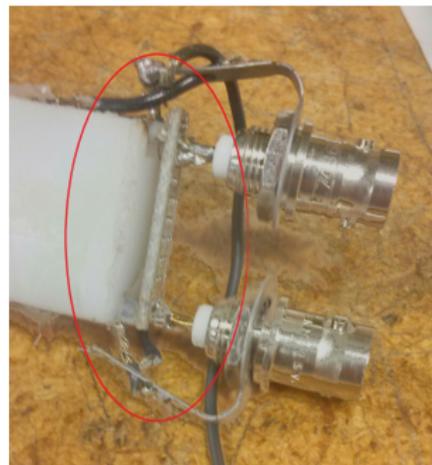
New Probe

NEW CUSTOM PROBE



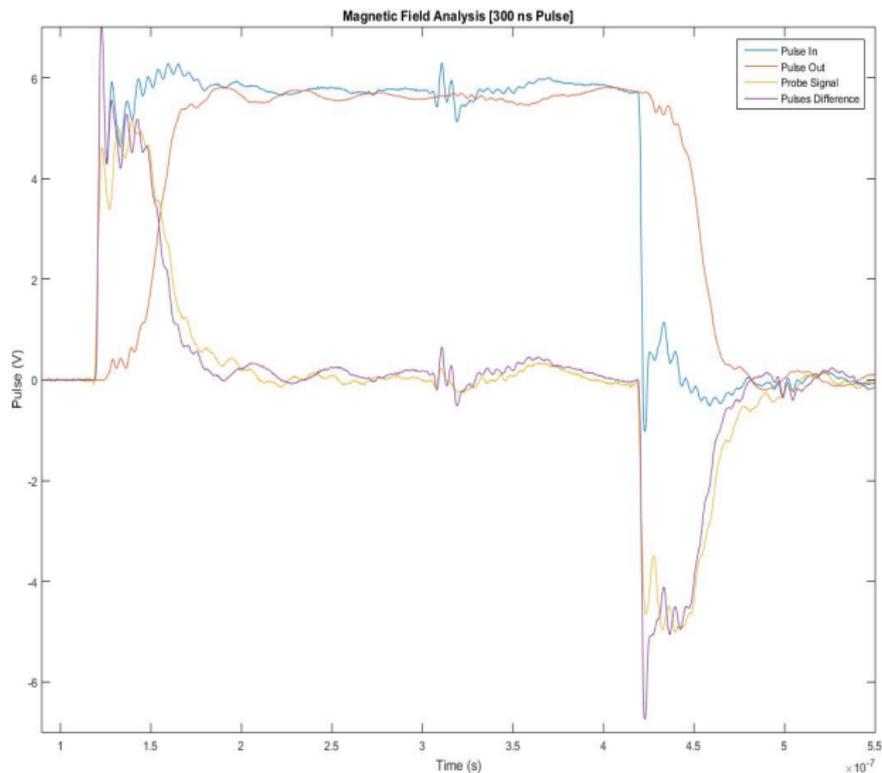
Model Parameters

- $L_{probe} = 106.934 \text{ cm}$
- $Z_0 = 46.7 \ \Omega$
- $T_D = 26.6 \text{ ns}$



Protoboard End

Magnetic Field Analysis



Characteristics

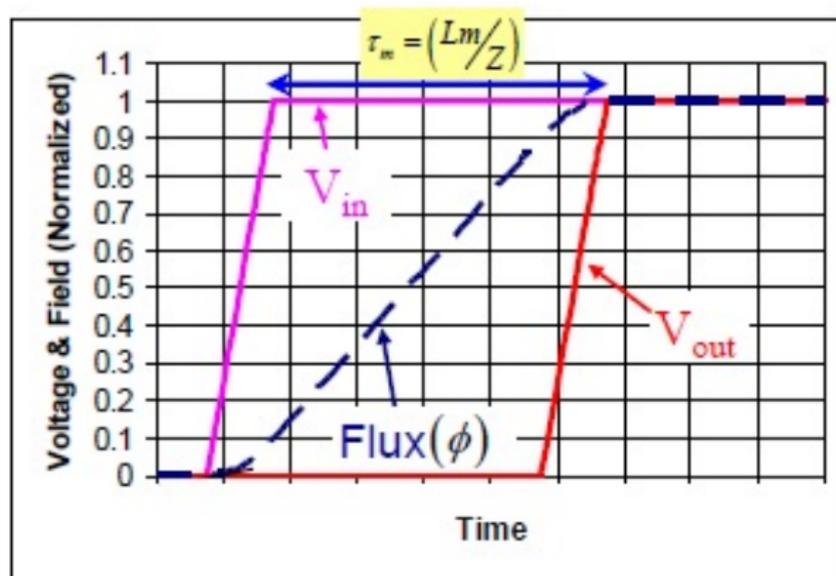
- ~> Low-Pass Filter due to the Probe
- ~> Pulse Intensity Mismatch

Intensity Adjustment

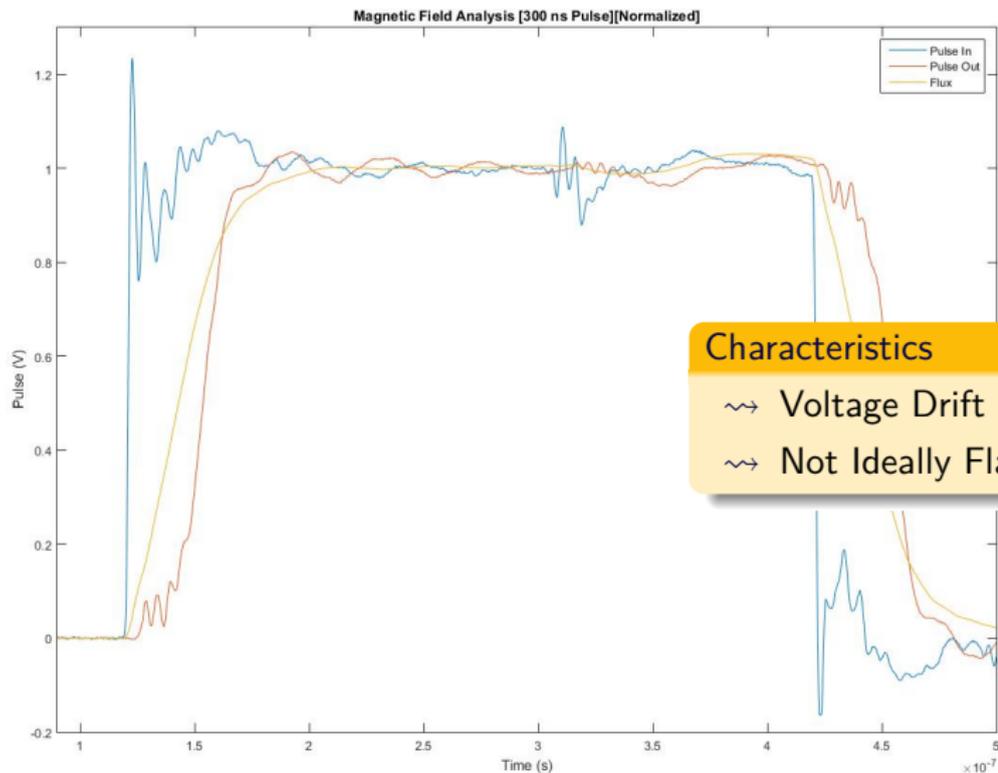
1.14 as Normalization Coefficient

Flux

$$\Phi = -\frac{A_{magnet}}{A_{probe}} \int (V_{in} - V_{out}) dt$$



Flux



Further Developments

- Better understanding of the key parameters for the kicker SPICE Simulation
- Model and simulation of the forming pulse through the probe
- High Voltage Field Measurements (10 KV)
- Two Cell Long Probe in order to model Field Cell by Cell

Acknowledgment

- ↪ Study of the Transmission Line Theory
- ↪ Impedance Measurements
- ↪ Magnetic Field Measurements
- ↪ Probe's Design and Built
- ↪ Data Analysis

Conclusions

Two months of full learnings:

- ↪ RF Applications
- ↪ Accelerator Magnet
- ↪ Pspice Simulation
- ↪ Hands-on

Thanks to



Luciano Elementi



Chris Jensen